Wilkins Reportedly Discussed Removing King

WASHINGTON (AP) — The Washington Post says Roy Wilkins is the black leader described in an FBI memo as having discussed with the agency the removal of Dr. Martin Luther King from leadership in the civil rights movement.

The Post, in today's editions, referred a Dec. 1, 1964, FBI memo released earlier this week, which referred to an unnamed black leader who cooperated with the bureau's undercover campaign

against King.

against king.

However, the Post said Wilkins, the retired NAACP executive secretary, told the Senate Intelligence Committee staff in 1975 that the FBI memo was "self-serving and full of inaccuracies."

Wilkins' wife called The Post story

"absolute fabrication."

THE ATLANTA Constitution said in today's editions that a comparison of the FBI memo with Wilkins' testimony to the committee indicates that Wilkins may have been the leader who met with the FBI.

The Post quoted informed but unnamed sources as saying the former official of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People met on Nov. 27, 1964, with then-FBI Assistant Director Cartha DeLoach about the bureau's attitude toward King.

In a memo written Nov. 27, DeLoach said the meeting ended with Wilkins promising to "tell King that he can't win in a battle with the FBI and that the best thing for him to do is to retire from public life."

The Dec. I memo was a followup written by FBI official J.A. Sizoo to suggest further action against King. Addressed to late FBI Assistant Director William C. Sullivan, it picked up some of DeLoach's remarks but deleted Wilkins'

The Sizoo memo was obtained under the Freedom of Information Act by the nonprofit Center for National Security Studies.

DeLoach, in an interview with The Atlanta Journal, said he has "a vague recollection of some black leader coming to see me. I don't remember who he was. I have no idea what we talked

WILKINS WAS NOT available for comment. His wife, who said she was speaking for him, called the allegation an "absolute fabrication. I heard him tell that to someone else," she said.

Mrs. Wilkins' also commented on a

previous comment by Sanate investiga-tors that the FBI's ant-King campaign included a proposal to groom a new na-tional black leader to take his place.

She said she and Wilkins learned the identity of the leader from someone who worked with the Justice Department.

But she added, "I can't tell you, I

wouldn't tell you because it would be

very detrimental to the man."

She said she did not think the man knew anything about it and that the FBI selected him because he would be "amenable to tham."

"I can't imagine any reputable black person who would have agreed to work with the FBI in (the late FBI Director J. Edgar) Hoover's day. I'm sure this person they had in mind had not worked with them."

The Washington Post T

WASHINGTON - Roy Wilkins, the black leader described by the FBI as a ecoperative contact in its undercover cam-

ecoperative contact in its undercover campaign to discredit the late Rev. Martin Luther King Jr., repudiated any such sympathies more than two years ago in an interview with Senate investigators.

The FBI's claims were publicized earlier this week as the result of a newly declassified Dec. 1, 1984, FBI memo that said an "ambitious" black leader, whose name was deleted, was apparently willing name was deleted, was apparently willing to work with the Burean to remove King from the national picture."

According to informed sources memo referred to Wilkins, then NAACP executive secretary, who had met several days earlier, on Nov. 27, 1964, with FBI assistant director Cartha DeLoach about the Bureau's attitude toward Ring.

In a memo written that same day, Nov. 27, DeLoach pictured Wilkins as apprehensive and said the meeting ended with Wil-kins promising to "tell King that he can't win in a battle with the FBI and that the best thing for him to do is to retire from public life.

Wilkins, however, told the staff of the Senate Intelligence Committee in the fall of 1975 that DeLoach's account was "self-serving and full of inaccuracies." The NAACP official, now retired, denounced the remarks attributed to him as "pure invention" and indicated he had done little more than express his concern "that accusations about Dr. King would cripple the civil rights movement."

(DeLozch told the Atlanta Journal Tuesday that he has "a vague recollection of some black leader coming to see me. I den's remember who he was. I have no idea what, we talked about."

(In a telephone interview from New York, where he is an executive to Pepulco-Inc., DeLoach sold, "You're asking about something that was I4 years and thousands of mernarandums ago. Me probably wanted to see Mr. Hoover and was referred to me."

(He said he could not remember. If the the time or one who later came to public

Eco WILLINS, Page 20-A



EX-MAACP OFFICIAL BOY WILKINS Said PBI Account Was 'Pure Levention'

VIKINS Continued From Page 1:A

("If I knew any facts today, I would tell you. But it would be ancient history," added De-Loach, who said he felt public disclosures of a campaign by Hoover to have King replaced were "blown all out of

were "blown all out of proportion."

The Dec. I. 1964, reemo tollowing up on Wiking vist with DeLoach, wetten by FBL official J.A. Sized to suggest further action against King picked up acree of DeLoach's praviously unpublicized remarks about Wikins. Senate singustication had been prive

finally obtained from the FBI inder the Freedom of Infor-mation Act by the non-profit Center for Mational Security Studies.

Its release this week left the impression that the black leader mentioned in the Sixoo merno might be the same per-son as the new — and much younger — "national Negro leader" that the FRI had once secretly informinated to take oper the civil rights movement once King had been "completely aboredied." Inmarks about which, bened completely discrepance. In investigators had been privy formed sources, however, said to them but never made them. Therefore that within that not public. The Sizo memo, with the mystery man, His name Wilkins' name deleted, was has never been that public.

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